

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

**To the Members of  
Avanti Frozen Foods Private Limited**

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying Financial Statements of **Avanti Frozen Foods Private Limited** ('the Company') which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (herein after referred to as "Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022, the profit including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit of the Financial Statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Financial Statements.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Financial Statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Financial Statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

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S. No	Key Audit Matters	Auditor's Response
1.	<p>Accuracy of recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosures of revenues and other related balances in view of Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (revenue accounting standard)</p> <p>The application of the revenue accounting standard involves certain key judgements relating to identification of the contract with a customer, identification of distinct performance obligations, determination of transaction price of the identified performance obligations, the appropriateness of the basis used to measure revenue recognized when a performance obligation is satisfied. Additionally, revenue accounting standard contains disclosures which involves collation of information in respect of disaggregated revenue and periods over which the remaining performance obligations will be satisfied subsequent to the balance sheet date.</p> <p>Refer Note 2.4.C and 21 to the Financial Statements</p>	<p><u>Principal Audit Procedures</u></p> <p>We assessed the Company's process to identify the impact of revenue accounting standard. Our audit approach consisted testing of the design and operating effectiveness of the internal controls and substantive testing as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• We assessed the appropriateness of the revenue recognition accounting policies by comparing with applicable accounting standards.</li> <li>• Selected a sample of continuing and new contracts, and tested the operating effectiveness of the internal control, relating to identification of the distinct performance obligations and determination of transaction price. We carried out a combination of procedures involving enquiry and observation, re-performance and inspection of evidence in respect of operation of these controls.</li> <li>• Tested the relevant information technology systems' access and change management controls relating to contracts and related information used in recording and disclosing revenue in accordance with the revenue accounting standard.</li> <li>• Selected a sample of continuing and new contracts and performed the following procedures: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Read, analyzed and identified the distinct performance obligations in these contracts.</li> <li>- Compared these performance obligations with that identified and recorded by the Company.</li> <li>- Considered the terms of the contracts to determine the transaction price including any variable consideration to verify the transaction price used to compute revenue and to test the basis of estimation of the variable consideration.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Samples in respect of revenue recorded upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration which the Company expects to receive in exchange for those products or services, were tested using a combination of sales orders, gate-in and gate-out passes, shipping bills including packing lists, subsequent customs invoicing, bills of lading, customer acceptances and historical trend of collections and disputes.</li> <li>• Performed analytical procedures for reasonableness of revenues disclosed by type and service offerings.</li> <li>• We reviewed the collation of information and the logic of the report generated from the IT system used to prepare the disclosure relating to the periods over which the remaining performance obligations will be satisfied subsequent to the balance sheet date.</li> </ul>
2.	<p>The Company enters into various financial instruments such as derivative financial instruments to hedge the Company's exposure to variability in foreign exchange movements, including investments in quoted mutual funds. As at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022, financial instruments carried at fair value through profit and loss totaled Rs. 9,215.99 lakhs (current investments) as disclosed in Note 9 to the Financial Statements and derivative financial Assets totaled Rs. 49.02 lakhs (financial Asset) as disclosed in Note 7 to the Financial Statements. These financial instruments are recorded at fair value as required by the relevant accounting standard. We have focused on this area due to the complexities associated with the valuation and accounting for these financial instruments.</p>	<p>Our procedures included but were not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Obtaining an understanding of the internal risk management procedures and the systems and controls associated with the origination and maintenance of complete and accurate information relating to financial instruments;</li> <li>• Utilizing our treasury experts, we also tested on a sample basis the existence and valuation of derivative contracts as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022. Our audit procedures focused on the integrity of the valuation models and the incorporation of the contract terms and the key assumptions, including future price assumptions and discount rates; and</li> <li>• Obtaining an understanding of key financial instrument contract terms to assess the appropriateness of accounting reflected in the financial report.</li> </ul> <p>We have also assessed the appropriateness of the disclosures included in Note 36 to the Financial Statements.</p>

<p>3.</p>	<p><b>Inventory valuation and existence</b></p> <p>At the balance sheet date, the value of inventory amounted to Rs. 27,297.13 lakhs representing 39.77% of total assets. Inventories were considered as key audit matter due to the size of the balance and because inventory valuation involves management judgment.</p> <p>As described in Note 2.4.J of the financial statements, inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realizable value on a weighted average basis</p> <p>The Company has segment specific procedures for identifying risk for obsolescence and measuring inventories at the lower of cost or net realizable value</p>	<p>To address the risk for material error on inventories, our audit procedures included amongst other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Assessing the compliance of Company's accounting policies over inventory with applicable accounting standards.</li> <li>Observed the stock take process at Factory locations during the year and at the end of the year and undertook our test counts where ever necessary.</li> <li>Compared the Quantities we counted with Quantities recorded.</li> <li>Analyzing the Inventory Ageing reports and Net realizable value of inventories</li> <li>Tested that inventory on hand at the end of the period was recorded at the lower of cost and net realizable value by testing a sample of inventory items to the most recent retail price.</li> </ul>
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### Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

### **Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether these Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

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Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Financial Statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the Financial Statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the Financial Statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Financial Statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

### **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "**Annexure-A**", a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

As required by section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:

- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The balance sheet, the statement of profit and loss including other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Financial Statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022, taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "**Annexure-B**". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

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In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.

- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- i. The Company has no pending litigations on its financial position in its Financial Statements
  - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
  - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
  - iv. a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediaries shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other person or entity identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
  - b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the company from any person or entity, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other person or entity identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Parties ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries and
  - c) Based on the audit procedures that were considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.
  - v. a) The final dividend paid by the Company during the year in respect of the same declared for the previous year is in accordance with section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to payment of dividend.
  - b) The Board of Directors of the Company have proposed final dividend for the year which is subject to the approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The dividend declared is in accordance with section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to declaration of dividend.

**For KARVY & CO.**

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No: 001757S

**(AJAYKUMAR KOSARAJU)**

Partner

Membership No. 021989

UDIN: 22021989AIVJCN5069

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 10-05-2022

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## **“Annexure – A” to the Auditors’ Report**

The Annexure referred to in Independent Auditors’ Report to the members of the Company on the Financial Statements for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022, we report that:

Re: Avanti Frozen Foods Private Limited (‘the Company’)

- i. In respect of the Company’s Property, Plant and Equipment (including right-of-use assets) and Intangible Assets:
  - (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment and relevant details of right-of-use assets.  
  
(B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
  - (b) As explained to us, the management has physically verified a substantial portion of the Property, Plant and Equipment during the year and in our opinion frequency of verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. The discrepancies noticed on physical verification of Property, Plant and Equipment as compared to the books of account were not material and have been properly dealt with in the books of accounts.
  - (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, all the title deeds of immovable properties are held in the name of the Company. In respect of immovable properties of land and buildings that have been taken on lease and disclosed as asset in the financial statements, the lease agreements are in the name of the Company, where the Company is the lessee in the agreement.
  - (d) The Company has not revalued any of its Property, Plant and Equipment (including right-of-use assets) and intangible assets during the year.
  - (e) No proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.
- ii.
  - (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the inventories have been physically verified by the management during the year. In our opinion, the frequency of verification is reasonable and the coverage and procedure of such verification by the management is appropriate. The discrepancies identified during such verification were not more than 10% in the aggregate for each class of inventory as compared to the books of account.
  - (b) The Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees from banks on the basis of security of current assets. The quarterly returns or statements filed by the Company with such banks are in agreement with the books of account of the Company.
- iii.
  - (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, in our opinion the investments made and the loans granted to its wholly owned subsidiary are prima facie not prejudicial to the interest of the Company. At the year end, there were outstanding balance of investments made and loans given to its wholly owned subsidiary Company in the prior years and interest thereon (Refer note 6 & 9 to the financial statements), in respect of which:

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- A) Based on the audit procedures carried out by us and as per the information and explanations given to us, the Company has granted loans to subsidiary as below:

Particulars	Loans (Rs. In Lakhs)
Aggregate amount during the year - Subsidiary	Nil
Balance outstanding as at the balance sheet date - Subsidiary	Rs. 644.36 Lakhs

- B) There are no loans or advances and guarantees or security to parties other than subsidiaries;

- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, in our opinion the investments made in and the terms and conditions of the grant of the loans and advances to its wholly owned subsidiary Company are prima facie not prejudicial to the interest of the Company.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, in our opinion, in the case of loans and advances in the nature of loans given, the repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and the repayments are not due during the year.
- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there is no overdue amount for more than ninety days in respect of loans and advances in the nature of loans given.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there is no loan or advance in the nature of loans granted falling due during the year, which has been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the overdues of existing loans or advances in the nature of loans given to same parties.
- (f) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment.
- iv. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of records of the Company, the Company has not provided any guarantee or security as specified under Sections 185 and 186 of the Act. In respect of the investments made in and loans given by the Company to its wholly owned subsidiary, in our opinion the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Act have been complied with.
- v. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits from the public nor accepted any amount which are deemed to be deposits within the meaning of Section 73 and 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the rules framed there under. Hence, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable.
- vi. In respect of the Company, maintenance of cost records has not been prescribed by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Act in respect of activities of the Company. Hence, reporting under clause (vi) of the Order is not applicable.

- vii. In respect of Statutory dues:
- (a) The Company is regular in depositing with appropriate authorities, undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees state insurance, income-tax, goods and service tax, duty of customs, cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of such statutory dues were outstanding, at the year end, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of income-tax, goods and service tax, duty of customs and cess that have not been deposited by the Company on account of any disputes.
- viii. According to information and explanation given to us, there were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- ix. (a) Based on our audit procedures and as per the information and explanations given by the management, we are of the opinion that the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to banks. There are no dues to financial institutions or government.
- (b) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
  - (c) The Company has not taken any term loan during the year and there are no outstanding term loans at the beginning of the year and hence, reporting under clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
  - (d) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, funds raised on short-term basis have, prima facie, not been used during the year for long-term purposes by the Company.
  - (e) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiary. The Company does not any associate or joint venture.
  - (f) The Company has not raised any loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiary and hence reporting on clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable.
- x. (a) Based on the information and explanations given to us by the management, the Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
- (b) During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.

- xi. (a) Based upon the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting the true and fair view of the financial statements and as per the information and explanations given by the management, we report that, no fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.  
  
(b) During the year, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Act has been filed by secretarial auditor or by us in Form ADT – 4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.  
  
(c) No whistle blower complaints have been received during the year by the Company.
- xii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause (xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- xiii. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv. (a) In our opinion the Company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.  
  
(b) We have considered, the internal audit reports for the year under audit, issued to the Company during the year and till date, in determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.
- xv. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors. and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. (a) In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable.  
  
(b) In our opinion, there is no Core Investment Company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- xvii. The Company has not incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit and the immediately preceding financial year.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year.
- xix. On the basis of the financial ratios disclosed in note 38 to the financial statements, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report

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and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

- xx. (a) There are no unspent amounts towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) requiring a transfer to a Fund specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act in compliance with second proviso to sub-section (5) of Section 135 of the said Act. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx)(a) of the Order is not applicable for the year.
- (b) Since there are no ongoing projects, the Company is not required to transfer unspent Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) amount as at the end of the previous financial year, to a Special account within a period of 30 days from the end of the said financial year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx)(b) of the Order is not applicable for the year.
- xxi. There is no consolidation requirement for the Company and hence reporting on clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable.

**For KARVY & CO.**

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No: 001757S

**(AJAYKUMAR KOSARAJU)**

Partner

Membership No. 021989

UDIN: 22021989AIVJCN5069

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 10-05-2022

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## **Annexure - B to the Independent Auditors' Report**

### **Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")**

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Avanti Frozen Foods Private Limited** ("the Company") as of 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

#### **Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls**

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

#### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

#### **Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting**

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Financial Statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Financial Statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding

10/05/2022

prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the Financial Statements.

### **Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting**

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

### **For KARVY & CO.**

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No: 001757S

**(AJAYKUMAR KOSARAJU)**

Partner

Membership No. 021989

UDIN: 22021989AIVJCN5069

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 10-05-2022

10/05/2022

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**

**BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2022**  
(All amounts in lakhs in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Note	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
<b>A ASSETS</b>			
<b>1 Non-current Assets</b>			
a Property, plant and equipment	3	11,877.60	12,749.62
b Capital work in progress	3	1,683.86	591.84
c Goodwill	4	45.51	45.51
d Other intangible assets	4	16.51	11.01
e Right-of-use assets	5 (a)	394.37	519.99
f Financial assets			
Investments	9 (a)	7.21	209.25
Loans	6 (a)	651.90	638.41
Other financial assets	7 (a)	870.33	307.87
g Deferred tax asset (net)	20 (a)	1,824.06	1,916.98
h Non-current tax assets	20 (b)	480.33	758.98
i Other non-current assets	8 (a)	1,122.34	190.42
		<b>18,974.02</b>	<b>17,939.88</b>
<b>2 Current Assets</b>			
a Inventories	10 (a)	27,297.13	23,989.69
b Biological assets	10 (b)	82.52	123.07
c Financial assets			
Investments	9 (b)	9,215.99	12,103.82
Trade receivables	11	9,125.94	4,641.36
Cash and cash equivalents	12 (a)	1,322.25	1,246.28
Other bank balances	12 (b)	20.43	33.86
Loans	6 (b)	13.72	23.22
Other financial assets	7 (b)	49.02	93.90
d Other current assets	8 (b)	2,536.84	1,171.27
		<b>49,663.84</b>	<b>43,426.47</b>
<b>Total Assets</b>		<b>68,637.86</b>	<b>61,366.35</b>
<b>B EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>1 Equity</b>			
a Equity share capital	13	1,001.67	1,001.67
b Other equity	14	61,443.58	56,037.44
		<b>62,445.25</b>	<b>57,039.11</b>
<b>2 Non-current Liabilities</b>			
a Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	15	-	-
Lease liabilities	5 (b)	176.69	202.96
Other financial liabilities			
b Provisions	18	84.16	58.72
c Other non-current liabilities	19 (a)	1,036.73	1,266.67
		<b>1,297.58</b>	<b>1,528.35</b>

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**

**BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2022**  
(All amounts in lakhs in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Note	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
<b>3 Current Liabilities</b>			
a Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	16	-	16.13
Trade payables			
i) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	17	92.44	147.98
ii) Total outstanding dues of trade payables other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	17	4,636.31	2,425.69
Lease liabilities		45.93	44.69
b Other current liabilities	19 (b)	120.35	164.40
		<b>4,895.03</b>	<b>2,798.89</b>
<b>Total Equity and Liabilities</b>		<b>68,637.86</b>	<b>61,366.35</b>
<b>C Notes forming part of the Financial Statements</b>	1-40		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements.  
As per our attached report of even date

**For Karvy & Co.,**  
Chartered Accountants  
ICAI Firm Registration No. : 001757S

**For and on behalf of the Board of Directors**

**Ajaykumar Kosaraju**  
Partner  
Membership No. : 021989

**A.Indra Kumar**  
Chairman and Managing  
Director

**C.Ramachandra Rao**  
Director

**Place : Hyderabad**  
**Date : May 10, 2022**

**Narender Sharma**  
Company Secretary

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**  
(All amounts in lakhs in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Note	For the Year Ended March 31, 2022	For the Year Ended March 31, 2021
<b>A INCOME</b>			
Revenue from operations	21	99,004.79	85,688.66
Other income	22	2,741.56	3,075.44
<b>Total Income</b>		<b>1,01,746.35</b>	<b>88,764.10</b>
<b>B EXPENSES</b>			
Cost of materials consumed	23	70,405.03	65,268.93
Changes in inventories of finished goods, stock-in-trade, work-in-progress and biological assets	24	(3,082.26)	(6,415.98)
Employee benefits expense	25	2,709.13	2,248.64
Finance costs	26	85.98	127.50
Depreciation and amortisation expense	27	1,884.98	1,789.54
Other expenses	28	19,723.06	14,919.54
<b>Total Expenses</b>		<b>91,725.92</b>	<b>77,938.17</b>
<b>Profit before exceptional items and tax</b>		<b>10,020.43</b>	<b>10,825.93</b>
Exceptional items	29	2,750.00	-
<b>Profit before tax</b>		<b>7,270.43</b>	<b>10,825.93</b>
Tax expense			
Current tax	20 (c)	1,271.45	1,892.95
Deferred tax	20 (a)	92.93	(545.75)
<b>Profit for the year</b>		<b>5,906.05</b>	<b>9,478.73</b>
<b>Other comprehensive income/ (loss)</b>			
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans		0.92	(10.26)
Income tax relating to above item		-	-
		<b>0.92</b>	<b>(10.26)</b>
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>		<b>5,906.97</b>	<b>9,468.47</b>
Earnings per equity share (Equity shares of par value ₹10 each)			
Basic and diluted (₹)	30	<b>58.96</b>	<b>94.63</b>
<b>C Notes forming part of the Financial Statements</b>	1-40		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements.

As per our attached report of even date

**For Karvy & Co.,**  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Registration No. : 001757S

**Ajaykumar Kosaraju**  
Partner  
Membership No. :021989

**Place : Hyderabad**  
**Date : May 10, 2022**

**For and on behalf of the Board of Directors**

**A.Indra Kumar**  
Chairman and Managing  
Director

**C.Ramachandra Rao**  
Director

**Narender Sharma**  
Company Secretary

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**  
(All amounts in lakhs in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars		For the Year Ended March 31, 2022	For the Year Ended March 31, 2021
<b>A</b>	<b>CASH FLOWS FROM/(USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		
	Net Profit before Tax and Extraordinary Items	7,270.43	10,825.93
	Adjustments for:		
	Depreciation and amortisation expense	1,884.98	1,789.54
	Amortisation of government grants	(229.94)	(205.90)
	Interest income	(7.65)	(5.49)
	Net (gain)/loss on disposal of investmetns	(205.72)	(421.20)
	Interest on borrowings	85.98	127.51
	Exchange difference (net)	(1,851.31)	(1,229.20)
	Provision for employee benefits	85.08	48.38
	(Gain)/loss on financial assets measured at fair value through profit and loss	(210.31)	(268.48)
	(Gain)/loss on derivative instruments imeasured at fair value through profit and loss	(49.02)	(93.90)
	Liabilities no longer required written back	(27.59)	(0.03)
	(Profit)/loss on sale of property, plant and equipment	0.37	-
	<b>Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes</b>	<b>6,745.30</b>	<b>10,567.16</b>
	Adjustments for (increase)/decrease in operating assets:		
	Inventories	(3,307.42)	(6,675.30)
	Biological assets	40.55	(123.07)
	Trade receivables	(4,385.03)	934.89
	Loans	(4.00)	(618.23)
	Other bank balances	13.43	13.25
	Other financial assets	(567.73)	(18.29)
	Other assets	(1,365.58)	1,516.88
	Adjustments for increase/(decrease) in operating liabilities:		
	Trade payables	2,249.49	417.52
	Other financial liabilities	16.13	(16.13)
	Other current liabilities	(44.05)	(6.60)
	Provisions	-	(85.11)
	<b>Cash generated from operation</b>	<b>(608.91)</b>	<b>5,906.97</b>
	Adjustments for income tax (paid)/refund	(1,004.85)	(2,061.20)
	<b>Net Cash from/(used in) Operating Activities</b>	<b>(1,613.76)</b>	<b>3,845.77</b>
<b>B</b>	<b>CASH FLOWS FROM/(USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		
	Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(2,950.84)	(1,889.03)
	Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	3.40	-
	Interest received	12.93	3.18
	(Payment for purchase)/proceeds from disposal of investmetns	3,505.91	(1,721.49)
	<b>Net Cash from/(used in) Investing Activities</b>	<b>571.40</b>	<b>(3,607.34)</b>

Particulars		For the Year Ended March 31, 2022	For the Year Ended March 31, 2021
<b>C</b>	<b>CASH FLOWS FROM/(USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
	Interest paid on borrowings	(53.04)	(113.68)
	Payment of lease liabilities	(47.31)	(35.28)
	Dividends paid	(500.84)	(200.33)
	Profit on exchange fluctuations	1,751.77	494.38
	Proceeds/(repayment) of borrowings	(32.25)	(73.33)
	<b>Net Cash from/(used in) Financing Activities</b> <b>C</b>	<b>1,118.33</b>	<b>71.76</b>
	<b>Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents</b> <b>A+B+C</b>	<b>75.97</b>	<b>310.19</b>
	Cash and cash equivalents		
	At the beginning of the year	1,246.28	936.09
	At the end of the year (refer note (i) below)	<b>1,322.25</b>	<b>1,246.28</b>
	<b>Note (i):</b>		
	Cash on hand	5.22	11.21
	Balances with banks	1,317.03	1,235.07
		<b>1,322.26</b>	<b>1,246.28</b>
<p>The above Statement of Cash Flows has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' set out in Ind As -7, 'Statement of Cash Flows' specified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013.</p> <p>Purchase of property, plant and equipment includes movements of capital work-in-progress (including capital advance) during the year.</p>			

As per our attached report of even date

**For and on behalf of the Board of Directors**

**For Karvy & Co.,**  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Registration No. : 001757S

**Ajaykumar Kosaraju**  
Partner  
Membership No. :021989

**A.Indra Kumar**  
Chairman and Managing Director

**C.Ramachandra Rao**  
Director

**Place : Hyderabad**  
**Date : May 10, 2022**

**Narender Sharma**  
Company Secretary

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**  
**(All amounts in lakhs in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)**

**a) Equity**

	<b>Number of Shares</b>	<b>Amount</b>
<b>Balance as at April 01, 2020</b>	1,00,16,667	1,001.67
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-	-
Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors	-	-
<b>Balance as at March 31, 2021</b>	<b>1,00,16,667</b>	<b>1,001.67</b>
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-	-
Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors	-	-
<b>Balance as at March 31, 2022</b>	<b>1,00,16,667</b>	<b>1,001.67</b>

**b) Other Equity**

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>Reserves and Surplus</b>			
	<b>General reserve</b>	<b>Securities premium reserve</b>	<b>Retained earnings</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Balance as at April 01, 2020</b>	-	20,000.20	26,769.10	<b>46,769.30</b>
Profit for the year	-	-	9,478.73	<b>9,478.73</b>
Other comprehensive income	-	-	(10.26)	<b>(10.26)</b>
Transfer from retained earnings to general reserve	1,000.00	-	(1,000.00)	-
Dividends	-	-	(200.33)	<b>(200.33)</b>
Issue of shares	-	-	-	-
<b>Balance as at March 31, 2021</b>	<b>1,000.00</b>	<b>20,000.20</b>	<b>35,037.24</b>	<b>56,037.44</b>
Profit for the year	-	-	5,906.05	<b>5,906.05</b>
Other comprehensive income	-	-	0.92	<b>0.92</b>
Transfer from retained earnings to general reserve	950.00	-	(950.00)	-
Dividends	-	-	(500.83)	<b>(500.83)</b>
Issue of shares	-	-	-	-
<b>Balance as at March 31, 2022</b>	<b>1,950.00</b>	<b>20,000.20</b>	<b>39,493.38</b>	<b>61,443.58</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements.

As per our attached report of even date

**For and on behalf of the Board of Directors**

**For Karvy & Co.,**

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. : 001757S

**Ajaykumar Kosaraju**

Partner

Membership No. :021989

**A.Indra Kumar**  
Chairman and Managing Director

**C.Ramachandra Rao**  
Director

**Place : Hyderabad**

**Date : May 10, 2022**

**Narender Sharma**  
Company Secretary

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**

**1 Corporate information**

Avanti Frozen Foods Private Limited (the Company), a joint venture between Avanti Feeds Limited and Thai Union Group PCL, Thailand, is incorporated under the Companies Act, 2013 on April 17, 2015, with registered office at Visakhapatnam, Andhra Pradesh. The Company is incorporated with the main object of processing and export of shrimps.

As at March 31, 2022 Avanti Feeds Limited, the holding company, owned 60% of the Company's equity share capital.

As at March 31, 2022 the Avanti Frozen Foods Inc., USA is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company.

**2 Basis of preparation, measurement and significant accounting policies**

**2.1 Basis of preparation and measurement**

**(i) Basis of preparation**

The financial statements comply in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as amended from time to time.

**(ii) Basis of measurement**

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following:

- Certain financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value;
- Biological assets - measured at fair value; and
- Defined benefit plans – plan assets measured at fair value;

**(iii) Consolidated Financial Statements**

The financial statements of the subsidiary have not been consolidated with the Company's financial statements as the Company is a subsidiary of Avanti Feeds Limited, a company incorporated in India, which prepares consolidated financial statements on a worldwide basis. Such financial statements are publicly available.

**2.2 Measurement of fair values**

The Company's accounting policies and disclosures require financial instruments to be measured at fair values. The Company has an established control framework with respect to the measurement of fair values.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs. The management regularly reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments. If third party information, such as broker quotes or pricing services, is used to measure fair values, then the management assesses the evidence obtained from the third parties to support the conclusion that such valuations meet the requirements of Ind AS, including the level in the fair value hierarchy in which such valuations should be classified.

Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows.

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement. The Company recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

**2.3 Critical estimates and judgements**

In preparing these financial statements, management has made judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The areas involving critical estimate or judgements are;

- Useful life of property, plant and equipment
- Estimation of defined benefit obligation
- Expected credit loss of financial assets
- Fair value of biological assets

**2.4 Significant accounting policies**

**A. Segment reporting**

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker.

The Chairman and Managing Director (CMD) of the Company has been identified as the chief operating decision maker. Refer **note 32** for the segment information presented.

**B. Foreign currency translation**

**(i) Functional and presentation currency**

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of its primary economic environment in which the Company operates ('the functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in Indian rupees (₹), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

**(ii) Transactions and balances**

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are generally recognised in profit or loss. Foreign exchange difference regarded as an adjustment to borrowing costs are presented in the Statement of Profit and Loss, within finance costs. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a net basis within other gains/(losses).

**C. Revenue recognition**

The Company earns revenue primarily from sale of processed shrimps. Revenue is recognized upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration the Company expects to receive in exchange for those products or services.

To recognize revenues, we apply the following five step approach:

- (1) identify the contract with a customer,
- (2) identify the performance obligations in the contract,
- (3) determine the transaction price,
- (4) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract, and
- (5) recognize revenues when a performance obligation is satisfied.

At contract inception, the Company assesses its promise to transfer products or services to a customer to identify separate performance obligations. The Company applies judgement to determine whether each product or services promised to a customer are capable of being distinct, and are distinct in the context of the contract, if not, the promised product or services are combined and accounted as a single performance obligation. The Company allocates the arrangement consideration to separately identifiable performance obligation based on their relative stand-alone selling price or residual method. Stand-alone selling prices are determined based on sale prices for the components when it is regularly sold separately, in cases where the Company is unable to determine the stand-alone selling price the Company uses third-party prices for similar deliverables or the company uses expected cost plus margin approach in estimating the stand-alone selling price.

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**

**D. Government grant**

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Company will comply with all attached conditions.

Government grants relating to income are deferred and recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate and presented within other income.

Government grants relating to the purchase of property, plant and equipment are included in non-current liabilities as deferred income and are credited to Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the expected lives of the related assets and presented within other income.

Loans received from government in the nature of interest free deferred taxes are treated in the nature of government grant. The difference between the fair value of the loan and the amount of loan received is accounted as government grant. The government grant is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss over the period of loan.

**E. Income tax**

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period in the countries where the Company operates and generates taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions, where appropriate, on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred income tax is also not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (tax loss). Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

## **AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**

### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**

#### **F. Leases**

##### **As a lessee**

The Company's lease asset classes primarily consist of leases for land and buildings. The Company assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognizes a right-of-use (ROU) asset and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of 12 months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For these short-term and low-value leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Certain lease arrangements includes the options to extend or terminate the lease before the end of the lease term. ROU assets and lease liabilities includes these options when it is reasonably certain that they will be exercised. The ROU assets are initially recognized at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the lease plus any initial direct costs less any lease incentives. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

ROU assets are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and useful life of the underlying asset. ROU assets are evaluated for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable.

The lease liability is initially measured at amortized cost at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates. Lease liabilities are remeasured with a corresponding adjustment to the related ROU asset if the Company changes its assessment of whether it will exercise an extension or a termination option. Lease liability and ROU assets have been separately presented in the Balance Sheet and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows.

#### **G. Impairment of assets**

Intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired. Other assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash flows from other assets or group of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

#### **H. Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents in balance sheet includes cash at bank and on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities in the balance sheet.

For the purpose of statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents cash and short-term deposits as defined above is net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash.

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**

**I. Trade receivables**

Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

**J. Inventories**

Inventories are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost of raw materials, components and stores and spares is determined on a weighted average basis.

Cost of raw materials comprise of cost of purchase. Cost of work-in-progress and finished goods comprises direct materials and labour and a proportion of manufacturing overheads based on normal operating capacity. Cost is determined on a weighted average basis. Cost of inventories also include all other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

**K. Biological assets**

Biological assets of the Company comprises of livestock of shrimp, consumable biological assets, that are classified as current biological assets. Biological assets are measured at fair value less cost to sell.

The fair value of the consumable biological assets is determined on the following basis: The fair values of biological assets are level 1 fair values and are determined based on market prices or where market prices are not available, by reference to sector benchmarks.

Gain and losses arising on the initial recognition of biological asset at fair value less estimated point of sale costs and from a change in fair value less estimated point of sale costs are recognised in the statement of profit and loss in the period in which they arise.

Management estimates the fair value less costs to sell of biological assets, taking into account the most reliable evidence available at each reporting date. The future realization of these biological assets may be affected by their survival rate, age and / or other market-driven changes that may reduce the future economic benefits associated with such assets. The fair value is arrived at based on the observable market prices of biological assets adjusted for cost to sells, as applicable.

**L. Investments and other financial assets**

**(i) Classification**

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss), and
- those measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or other comprehensive income. For investments in debt instruments, this will depend on the business model in which the investment is held. For investments in equity instruments, this will depend on whether the Company has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The Company reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**

**(ii) Measurement**

At initial recognition, the Company measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in Statement of Profit and Loss.

**Debt instruments**

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Company's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the Company classifies its debt instruments:

**- Amortised cost:**

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at amortised cost and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method.

**- Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI):**

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in Statement Profit and Loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognised in other gains/(losses). Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method.

**- Fair value through profit or loss:**

Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at fair value through profit or loss. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in profit or loss and presented net in the Statement of Profit and Loss within other gains/(losses) in the period in which it arises. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income.

**Equity instruments**

The Company subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Company elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in other comprehensive income, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss. Dividends from such investments are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss as other income when the Company's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in other gain/(losses) in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

**(iii) Impairment of financial assets**

The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortised cost and FVOCI debt instruments. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. **Note 35** details how the Company determines whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables only, the Company applies the simplified approach permitted by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, which requires expected life time losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**

**(iv) Derecognition of financial assets**

A financial asset is derecognised only when;  
the Company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or  
retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual  
obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients.

Where the entity has transferred an asset, the Company evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognised. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognised.

Where the entity has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is derecognised if the Company has not retained control of the financial asset. Where the Company retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognised to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.

**(v) Income recognition**

**Interest income:**

Interest income from debt instruments is recognised using the effective interest rate method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses.

**Dividends:**

Dividends are recognised in profit or loss only when the right to receive payment is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Company, and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

**M. Derivatives**

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period and are included in other gains/(losses).

**N. Offsetting financial instruments**

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or the counterparty.

**O. Property, plant and equipment**

Freehold land is carried at historical cost. All other items of property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

## **AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**

### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**

#### **Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives and residual value**

Depreciation on tangible assets is calculated on a straight-line basis as per the useful life prescribed and in the manner laid down under Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. The useful lives have been determined based on technical evaluation done by the management's expert which are higher than those specified by Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013, in order to reflect the actual usage of the assets. Assets costing individually rupee equivalent of ₹5,000 or less are fully charged off on purchase. Depreciation for assets purchased / sold during the period is proportionately charged.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount. Gains or losses arising from disposal of property, plant and equipments which are carried at cost are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### **P. Intangible assets**

Intangible assets that are acquired are recognized at cost initially and carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment loss, if any.

##### **Computer software**

Computer software are stated at cost, less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses, if any. Cost comprises the purchase price and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use.

##### **Goodwill**

Goodwill on account of demerger is included in intangible assets. Goodwill is not amortised but it is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it might be impaired, and is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

##### **Amortisation methods and periods**

Intangible assets with finite useful life are amortized over their respective individual estimated useful lives (6 years, in case of computer software) on a straight line basis.

#### **Q. Trade and other payables**

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the year end which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid as per mutually agreed terms. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### **R. Borrowings**

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are removed from the balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss as other gains/(losses).

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. Where there is a breach of a material provision of a long-term loan arrangement on or before the end of the reporting period with the effect that the liability becomes payable on demand on the reporting date, the entity does not classify the liability as current, if the lender agreed, after the reporting period and before the approval of the financial statements for issue, not to demand payment as a consequence of the breach.

**S. Borrowing Cost**

General and specific borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Qualifying assets are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

**T. Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognized even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provisions due to the passage of time is recognized as interest expense.

**U. Employee benefits**

**i) Short-term employee benefit obligations**

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the balance sheet.

**ii) Other long-term employee benefit obligations**

The liabilities for earned leave are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service. They are therefore measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method. The benefits are discounted using the market yields at the end of the reporting period that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation. Remeasurements as a result of experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in profit or loss.

The obligations are presented as current liabilities in the balance sheet if the entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting period, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur.

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**

**iii) Post- employment obligations**

The Company operates the following post-employment schemes:

- (a) defined benefit plans such as gratuity; and
- (b) defined contribution plans such as provident fund and employee state insurance

**Gratuity obligations**

The liability or asset recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit gratuity plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by actuaries using the projected unit credit method.

The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation.

The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in employee benefits expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Remeasurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the period in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income. They are included in retained earnings in the statement of changes in equity and in the balance sheet.

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation resulting from plan amendments or curtailments are recognised immediately in profit or loss as past service cost.

**Defined contribution plans**

The Company pays provident fund contributions to publicly administered provident funds and Employee State Insurance funds as per local regulations. The Company has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are accounted for as defined contribution plans and the contributions are recognised as employee benefits expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

**iv) Bonus plans**

The Company recognises a liability and an expense for bonuses. The Company recognises a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

**V. Contributed Equity**

Equity shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

**W. Dividends**

Provision is made for the amount of any dividend declared, being appropriately authorized and no longer at the discretion of the entity, on or before the end of the reporting period but not distributed at the end of the reporting period.

**X. Earnings per share**

**i Basic earnings per share**

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year.

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**

**ii Diluted earnings per share**

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

The after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential equity shares, and

The weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

**Y. Rounding of amounts**

All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest lakhs as per the requirement of Schedule III, unless otherwise stated.

**2.5 Recent accounting pronouncements**

Ministry of Corporate Affairs (“MCA”) notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 23, 2022, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2022, applicable from April 1st, 2022, as below:

**Ind AS 103 – Business Combinations**

The amendments specify that to qualify for recognition as part of applying the acquisition method, the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed must meet the definitions of assets and liabilities in the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting under Indian Accounting Standards (Conceptual Framework) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India at the acquisition date. These changes do not significantly change the requirements of Ind AS 103. The Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

**Ind AS 16 – Property Plant and equipment**

The amendments mainly prohibit an entity from deducting from the cost of property, plant and equipment amounts received from selling items produced while the company is preparing the asset for its intended use. Instead, an entity will recognise such sales proceeds and related cost in profit or loss. The Company does not expect the amendments to have any impact in its recognition of its property, plant and equipment in its financial statements.

**Ind AS 37 – Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets**

The amendments specify that the ‘cost of fulfilling’ a contract comprises the ‘costs that relate directly to the contract’. Costs that relate directly to a contract can either be incremental costs of fulfilling that contract (examples would be direct labour, materials) or an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling contracts. The amendment is essentially a clarification and the Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**  
**(All amounts in lakhs in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)**

**3 Property, Plant and Equipment and capital work -in-progress**

	Land - free hold	Buildings	Plant and machinery	Electrical installation	Office equipment	Computers	Furniture and fixtures	Motor vehicles	Lab equipments	Total tangible assets	Capital work - in - progress	Grand Total
<b>Gross block</b>												
<b>As at April 01, 2020</b>	<b>1,772.58</b>	<b>3,326.74</b>	<b>9,061.28</b>	<b>880.03</b>	<b>70.65</b>	<b>39.59</b>	<b>202.18</b>	<b>1,012.28</b>	<b>136.26</b>	<b>16,501.59</b>	<b>253.51</b>	<b>16,755.10</b>
Additions	284.84	47.62	1,473.05	22.47	0.45	10.26	35.64	254.26	35.01	2,163.60	468.61	2,632.21
Disposals	-	-	-	-	6.82	9.69	16.21	0.18	-	32.90	130.28	163.18
<b>As at March 31, 2021</b>	<b>2,057.42</b>	<b>3,374.36</b>	<b>10,534.33</b>	<b>902.50</b>	<b>64.28</b>	<b>40.16</b>	<b>221.61</b>	<b>1,266.36</b>	<b>171.27</b>	<b>18,632.29</b>	<b>591.84</b>	<b>19,224.13</b>
Additions	289.92	219.41	144.66	7.69	16.80	23.57	17.61	91.74	104.94	916.34	1,310.88	2,227.22
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	1.46	-	40.56	1.55	43.57	218.86	262.43
<b>As at March 31, 2022</b>	<b>2,347.34</b>	<b>3,593.77</b>	<b>10,678.99</b>	<b>910.19</b>	<b>81.08</b>	<b>62.27</b>	<b>239.22</b>	<b>1,317.54</b>	<b>274.66</b>	<b>19,505.06</b>	<b>1,683.86</b>	<b>21,188.92</b>
<b>Depreciation</b>												
<b>Up to April 01, 2020</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>490.78</b>	<b>3,030.93</b>	<b>248.65</b>	<b>32.23</b>	<b>27.39</b>	<b>38.58</b>	<b>326.32</b>	<b>33.71</b>	<b>4,228.59</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>4,228.59</b>
Charge for the year	-	203.23	1,182.98	91.24	12.80	9.55	22.21	135.48	16.20	1,673.69	-	1,673.69
Disposals	-	-	-	-	5.46	5.45	8.70	-	-	19.61	-	19.61
<b>Up to March 31, 2021</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>694.01</b>	<b>4,213.91</b>	<b>339.89</b>	<b>39.57</b>	<b>31.49</b>	<b>52.09</b>	<b>461.80</b>	<b>49.91</b>	<b>5,882.67</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>5,882.67</b>
Charge for the year	-	161.03	1,281.65	92.78	12.13	10.46	22.73	147.12	25.01	1,752.91	-	1,752.91
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	1.46	-	6.56	0.10	8.12	-	8.12
<b>Up to March 31, 2022</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>855.04</b>	<b>5,495.56</b>	<b>432.67</b>	<b>51.70</b>	<b>40.49</b>	<b>74.82</b>	<b>602.36</b>	<b>74.82</b>	<b>7,627.46</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>7,627.46</b>
<b>Net block</b>												
<b>As at March 31, 2021</b>	<b>2,057.42</b>	<b>2,680.35</b>	<b>6,320.42</b>	<b>562.61</b>	<b>24.71</b>	<b>8.67</b>	<b>169.52</b>	<b>804.56</b>	<b>121.36</b>	<b>12,749.62</b>	<b>591.84</b>	<b>13,341.46</b>
<b>As at March 31, 2022</b>	<b>2,347.34</b>	<b>2,738.73</b>	<b>5,183.43</b>	<b>477.52</b>	<b>29.38</b>	<b>21.78</b>	<b>164.40</b>	<b>715.18</b>	<b>199.84</b>	<b>11,877.60</b>	<b>1,683.86</b>	<b>13,561.46</b>

**Notes:**

- Refer note 16 for information on property, plant and equipment pledged as security.
- Gross value of assets as at March 31, 2022 includes ₹1,458.72 lakhs of government grant availed under the scheme of Export Promotion Capital Goods Scheme (March 31, 2021: ₹1,458.72 lakhs). (refer note 19)

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**  
**(All amounts in lakhs in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)**

**Capital work-in-progress ageing schedule for the year ended March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021 is as follows:**

<b>As at March 31, 2022</b>	<b>Amount in capital work-in-progress for a period of</b>				<b>Total</b>
	<b>Less than 1 year</b>	<b>1 - 2 years</b>	<b>2 - 3 years</b>	<b>More than 3 years</b>	
Pre-processing Plant Gopalapuram	740.26	403.32	-	-	<b>1,143.58</b>
Cold Store, ETP, Plant & Machinery at Yerravaram	540.28	-	-	-	<b>540.28</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,280.54</b>	<b>403.32</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,683.86</b>

<b>As at March 31, 2021</b>	<b>Amount in capital work-in-progress for a period of</b>				<b>Total</b>
	<b>Less than 1 year</b>	<b>1 - 2 years</b>	<b>2 - 3 years</b>	<b>More than 3 years</b>	
Pre-processing Plant Gopalapuram	401.10	-	-	-	<b>401.10</b>
Admin Building and Plant and Machinery at Yerravaram	45.20	91.68	23.50	30.36	<b>190.74</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>446.30</b>	<b>91.68</b>	<b>23.50</b>	<b>30.36</b>	<b>591.84</b>

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**  
**(All amounts in lakhs in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)**

**4 Intangible assets**

	<b>Good will</b>	<b>Computer software</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b><u>Gross block</u></b>			
<b>As at April 01, 2020</b>	<b>45.51</b>	<b>18.05</b>	<b>63.56</b>
Additions	-	5.42	5.42
Disposals	-	-	-
<b>As at March 31, 2021</b>	<b>45.51</b>	<b>23.47</b>	<b>68.98</b>
Additions	-	10.55	10.55
Disposals	-	-	-
<b>As at March 31, 2022</b>	<b>45.51</b>	<b>34.02</b>	<b>79.53</b>
<b><u>Depreciation</u></b>			
<b>Up to April 01, 2020</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>8.63</b>	<b>8.63</b>
Charge for the year	-	3.83	3.83
Disposals	-	-	-
<b>Up to March 31, 2021</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>12.46</b>	<b>12.46</b>
Charge for the year	-	5.05	5.05
Disposals	-	-	-
<b>Up to March 31, 2022</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>17.51</b>	<b>17.51</b>
<b><u>Net block</u></b>			
<b>As at March 31, 2021</b>	<b>45.51</b>	<b>11.01</b>	<b>56.52</b>
<b>As at March 31, 2022</b>	<b>45.51</b>	<b>16.51</b>	<b>62.02</b>

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**  
 (All amounts in lakhs in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

**5 Lease**

**a) Right-of-use assets**

Particulars	Category of ROU asset		Total
	Land	Buildings	
<b>Balance as at April 01, 2020</b>	<b>374.65</b>	<b>7.92</b>	<b>382.57</b>
Additions	230.08	19.37	249.45
Deletions	-	-	-
Depreciation	105.59	6.44	112.03
<b>Balance as at March 31, 2021</b>	<b>499.14</b>	<b>20.85</b>	<b>519.99</b>
Additions	-	1.39	1.39
Deletions	-	-	-
Depreciation	120.31	6.70	127.01
<b>Balance as at March 31, 2022</b>	<b>378.83</b>	<b>15.54</b>	<b>394.37</b>

The aggregate depreciation expense on ROU assets is included under depreciation and amortization expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

**b) Lease liabilities as at end of the year**

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Current lease liabilities	45.93	44.69
Non-current lease liabilities	176.69	202.96
<b>Total</b>	<b>222.62</b>	<b>247.65</b>

The movement in lease liabilities during the year is as follows:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
<b>Balance as at the beginning of the year</b>	<b>247.65</b>	<b>21.93</b>
Additions	1.39	247.18
Finance cost accrued during the year	20.89	13.82
Deletions	-	-
Payment of lease liabilities	47.31	35.28
<b>Balance as at the end of the year</b>	<b>222.62</b>	<b>247.65</b>

Rental expenses recorded on short-term leases was ₹10.20 Lakhs

The details of the contractual maturities of lease liabilities as at end of the year on an undiscounted basis are as follows:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Less than one year	48.34	47.05
One year to three years	80.95	92.91
More than three years	179.93	215.09
<b>Total</b>	<b>309.22</b>	<b>355.05</b>

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**  
(All amounts in lakhs in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

**6 Loans**

	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
<b>a) Non-current</b>		
Unsecured, considered good		
Loans to subsidiaries	644.36	624.79
Loans to employees	7.54	13.62
<b>Total</b>	<b>651.90</b>	<b>638.41</b>
<b>b) Current</b>		
Unsecured, considered good		
Loans to employees	13.72	23.22
<b>Total</b>	<b>13.72</b>	<b>23.22</b>

**7 Other financial assets**

	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
<b>a) Non-current</b>		
Unsecured, considered good		
Bank deposits (Maturity more than 12 months)	501.28	-
Margin money deposits	70.67	41.25
Security deposits	298.38	266.62
<b>Total</b>	<b>870.33</b>	<b>307.87</b>
<b>b) Current</b>		
Unsecured, considered good		
Derivative financial asset	49.02	93.90
<b>Total</b>	<b>49.02</b>	<b>93.90</b>

**8 Other assets**

	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
<b>a) Non-current</b>		
<b>Unsecured, considered good</b>		
Capital advances	1,122.34	190.42
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,122.34</b>	<b>190.42</b>
<b>b) Current</b>		
Prepaid expenses	138.75	170.89
Advance for purchases	65.19	171.71
Export incentives receivable and balance with		
Government authorities	1,967.11	796.23
MEIS licences on hand	324.75	-
Other advances	28.34	21.58
Interest accrued	12.70	10.86
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,536.84</b>	<b>1,171.27</b>

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**  
**(All amounts in lakhs in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)**

**9 Investments**

	<b>As at March 31, 2022</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2021</b>
<b>a) Non-current</b>		
<b>Investments carried at cost (refer note i below)</b>		
Equity instruments of subsidiaries (unquoted)	7.21	7.21
<b>Investments carried at fair value through profit and loss (refer note ii below)</b>		
Investments in Debentures (unquoted)	-	202.04
<b>Total</b>	<b>7.21</b>	<b>209.25</b>
<b>Note: Details of non-current investments</b>		
	<b>As at March 31, 2022</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2021</b>
<b>i) Equity instruments of subsidiaries (unquoted)</b>		
Avanti Frozen Foods Inc., 10,000 (Previous year: 10,000) equity shares of USD0.01 each fully paid-up	7.21	7.21
<b>Total</b>	<b>7.21</b>	<b>7.21</b>
<b>ii) Investments in Non-convertible Debentures - quoted</b>		
Shriram City Union Finance - 20 units (March 31, 2021: 20 units) of ₹10,00,000 face value each	-	202.04
	<b>-</b>	<b>202.04</b>
<b>b) Current</b>		
<b>Investments carried at amortised cost (refer note i below)</b>		
Term Deposits with financial institutions	1,002.52	1,142.32
<b>Investments carried at fair value through profit and loss (refer note ii &amp; iii below)</b>		
Investments in Mutual Funds	7,992.53	10,961.50
Investments in Debentures (unquoted)	220.94	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>9,215.99</b>	<b>12,103.82</b>

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**  
**(All amounts in lakhs in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)**

**Note: Details of current investments**

	<b>As at March 31, 2022</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2021</b>
<b>i) Term deposits with financial institutions</b>		
LIC Housing Finance Limited	501.20	1,142.32
Bajaj Housing Finance Limited	501.32	-
	<b>1,002.52</b>	<b>1,142.32</b>
<b>ii) Investments in Mutual Funds - Quoted</b>		
SBI - Magnum Ultra Short-term Duration Fund - Growth - 45,667.4290 units of ₹4,897.0747 each (March 31, 2021: 82,291.253 units of ₹4,718.9734 each)	2,236.37	3,883.31
Axis Banking and PSU Debt Fund - 29,423.674 units of ₹2,187.0567 each (March 31, 2021: 29,423.674 units of ₹2,097.7900 each)	643.51	617.25
IDFC Banking and PSU Debt Fund - 38,35,934.633 units of ₹20.3992 each (March 31, 2021: 1,19,72,889.325 units of ₹19.5405 each)	782.50	2,339.56
HDFC Corp Bond Fund (G) - Direct Plan - 8,18,1691.752 units of ₹26.4814 each (March 31, 2021: 81,81,691.752 units of ₹25.1835 each)	2,166.63	2,060.44
Nippon India Banking and PSU Debt Fund (G) - Direct Plan - 62,63,427.911 units of ₹17.2546 each (March 31, 2021: 62,63,427.911 units of ₹16.4212 each)	1,080.73	1,028.53
Nippon India Floating Rate Fund (G) - Direct Plan - 28,68,753.701 units of ₹37.7444 each (March 31, 2021: 28,68,753.701 units of ₹35.9880 each)	1,082.79	1,032.41
<b>Total</b>	<b>7,992.53</b>	<b>10,961.50</b>
<b>iii) Investments in Non-convertible Debentures - quoted</b>		
Shriram City Union Finance - 20 units (March 31, 2021: 20 units) of ₹10,00,000 face value each	220.94	-
	<b>220.94</b>	<b>-</b>

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**  
**(All amounts in lakhs in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)**

**10 a) Inventories**

	<b>As at March 31, 2022</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2021</b>
Packing materials	332.21	294.05
Work-in-process	303.87	175.84
Finished goods		
Finished goods	13,702.98	12,598.88
Stock-in-transit	12,047.03	10,156.35
Stores and spares	911.04	764.57
<b>Total</b>	<b>27,297.13</b>	<b>23,989.69</b>

**10 b) Biological assets**

	<b>As at March 31, 2022</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2021</b>
Consumable biological assets - unmatured	82.52	123.07
<b>Total</b>	<b>82.52</b>	<b>123.07</b>

**i) Reconciliation of changes in the carrying amount of biological assets:**

	<b>2021-22</b>	<b>2020-21</b>
<b>Measurement basis: (Fair value less cost to sell)</b>		
<b>At the beginning of the year</b>	<b>123.07</b>	<b>-</b>
Increase due to purchases/production/ physical change	839.02	1,325.73
Decrease due to harvest /physical change /sale	(879.57)	(1,202.66)
Fair value adjustment recorded in the statement of profit and loss	-	-
<b>At the end of the year</b>	<b>82.52</b>	<b>123.07</b>

**ii) Non-financial measures of physical quantities of biological assets**

		<b>As at March 31, 2022</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2021</b>
<b>Biological assets at the end of the period</b>			
Live shrimps	MTs	2.45	74.45
<b>Output of agricultural produce during the year</b>			
Raw shrimps	MTs	296.12	352.99

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
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**11 Trade receivables**

	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
<b>Unsecured :</b>		
Considered good	9,125.94	4,641.36
Trade receivables - credit impaired	147.63	147.63
<b>Total</b>	<b>9,273.57</b>	<b>4,788.99</b>
Less: Allowance for doubtful trade receivables	(147.63)	(147.63)
<b>Total</b>	<b>9,125.94</b>	<b>4,641.36</b>

**Ageing for trade receivables outstanding as at March 31, 2022 is as follows;**

	Not due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
		Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Undisputed Trade receivables- considered good	5,483.57	3,642.37	-	-	-	-	9,125.94
Undisputed Trade Receivables- Considered Doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	147.63	147.63
	<b>5,483.57</b>	<b>3,642.37</b>	-	-	-	<b>147.63</b>	<b>9,273.57</b>
Less: Allowance for doubtful trade receivables	-	-	-	-	-	(147.63)	(147.63)
	<b>5,483.57</b>	<b>3,642.37</b>	-	-	-	-	<b>9,125.94</b>

**Ageing for trade receivables outstanding as at March 31, 2021 is as follows;**

	Not due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
		Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Undisputed Trade receivables- considered good	2,521.11	2,098.14	-	-	-	-	4,619.25
Undisputed Trade Receivables- Considered Doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	169.74	169.74
	<b>2,521.11</b>	<b>2,098.14</b>	-	-	-	<b>169.74</b>	<b>4,788.99</b>
Less: Allowance for doubtful trade receivables	-	-	-	-	-	(147.63)	(147.63)
	<b>2,521.11</b>	<b>2,098.14</b>	-	-	-	<b>22.11</b>	<b>4,641.36</b>

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**  
 (All amounts in lakhs in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

**12 Cash and bank balances**

**a Cash and cash equivalents**

	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Balances with banks :		
In current accounts	1,317.03	1,235.07
Cash on hand	5.22	11.21
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,322.25</b>	<b>1,246.28</b>

**b Other bank balances**

	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Margin money accounts *	20.43	33.86
<b>Total</b>	<b>20.43</b>	<b>33.86</b>

\* Margin money deposits with banks of a carrying amount of ₹20.43 lakhs (March 31, 2021: ₹33.86 lakhs) are lien marked for Bank Guarantees issued.

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
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**13 Share capital**

	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
<b>Authorised capital</b>		
1,01,00,000 (Previous year: 1,01,00,000) Equity share of ₹10 each	<b>1,010.00</b>	<b>1,010.00</b>
<b>Issued, subscribed and paid up capital</b>		
1,00,16,667 (Previous year: 1,00,16,667) Equity shares of ₹10 each fully paid up	1,001.67	1,001.67
	<b>1,001.67</b>	<b>1,001.67</b>

**(a) Reconciliation of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year**

	Number of shares	Value
<b>Equity shares of ₹10 each fully paid</b>		
Balance as at April 01, 2020	1,00,16,667	1,001.67
Issued during the year	-	-
<b>Balance as at March 31, 2021</b>	<b>1,00,16,667</b>	<b>1,001.67</b>
Issued during the year	-	-
<b>Balance as at March 31, 2022</b>	<b>1,00,16,667</b>	<b>1,001.67</b>

**(b) Terms / rights attached to equity shares**

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividend in Indian rupees.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

**(c) Details of shares held by holding company :**

	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
<b>Equity shares of ₹10 each fully paid</b>		
Avanti Feeds Limited		
Number of shares held	60,10,000	60,10,000
% of holding	60%	60%

**(d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company**

Name of the shareholder	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
<b>Equity shares of ₹10 each fully paid</b>		
Avanti Feeds Limited		
Number of shares held	60,10,000	60,10,000
% of holding	60%	60%
Thai Union Group PCL, Thailand		
Number of shares held	40,06,667	40,06,667
% of holding	40%	40%

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
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**(e) Details of shareholding of promoters;**

**As at March 31, 2022**

Promoter name	Shares held by promoter		% Change during the year
	No. of shares	% of total shares	
Avanti Feeds Limited	60,10,000	60%	0%

**As at March 31, 2021**

Promoter name	Shares held by promoter		% Change during the year
	No. of shares	% of total shares	
Avanti Feeds Limited	60,10,000	60%	0%

**14 Other equity**

	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
General reserve	1,950.00	1,000.00
Securities premium account	20,000.20	20,000.20
Retained earnings	39,493.38	35,037.24
<b>Total</b>	<b>61,443.58</b>	<b>56,037.44</b>

	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
<b>Securities premium account</b>		
Opening balance	20,000.20	20,000.20
Addition during the year	-	-
Closing balance	<b>20,000.20</b>	<b>20,000.20</b>

Securities premium account is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

<b>Retained earnings</b>		
Opening balance	35,037.24	26,769.10
Add/(less): Profit for the year	5,906.05	9,478.73
Other comprehensive income	0.92	(10.26)
Transfer to general reserve	(950.00)	(1,000.00)
Dividend	(500.83)	(200.33)
<b>Closing balance</b>	<b>39,493.38</b>	<b>35,037.24</b>

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**  
**(All amounts in lakhs in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)**

**15 Non-current borrowings**

	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
<b>Secured loans - at amortised cost</b>		
<b>Vehicle loans (refer note i below)</b>		
a) From Axis Bank Limited	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

Note: Current maturities of long-term borrowings have been disclosed under the head 'Current borrowings'.

**i) Vehicle loans:**

Vehicle loans secured by hypothecation of respective vehicles and are payable in equal monthly instalments as stipulated in the agreements with the lenders.

**16 Current borrowings**

	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
<b>Loans from banks</b>		
Working capital loan from State Bank India	-	-
Working capital loan from Axis Bank	-	-
<b>Current maturities of long term debt</b>		
Vehicle loans (refer note 15 (i) above)		
a) Axis Bank Limited	-	16.13
<b>Total</b>	<u>-</u>	<u>16.13</u>

**Working capital loan**

The working capital limits, sanctioned by State Bank of India and Axis Bank as at March 31, 2022, are ₹8,000.00 lakhs and ₹3,500.00 lakhs, respectively (March 31, 2021: ₹8,000.00 lakhs and ₹4,000.00 lakhs, respectively).

The loans are secured by way of first charge on all chargeable current assets of the Company and second charge on property, plant and equipments of shrimp processing Plants at Yerravaram and Gopalapuram, Andhra Pradesh. The working capital loans are repayable on demand and carries interest rate of LIBOR+55bps p.a. and LIBOR+50bps p.a. on pre-shipment credit in foreign currency from State Bank of India and Axis Bank, respectively. In case of cash credit facility the interest rates are 7.20% p.a. and 7.95% p.a. from State Bank of India and Axis Bank, respectively.

Quarterly returns or statements of current assets filed by the Company with banks or financial institutions are in agreement with the books of account.

Note: Debit balance in cash credit accounts as at March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021 have been grouped under the head "Cash and cash equivalents".

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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**  
**(All amounts in lakhs in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)**

**17 Trade payables**

	<b>As at March 31, 2022</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2021</b>
Dues to micro enterprises and small enterprises	92.44	147.98
Dues to creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	4,636.31	2,425.69
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,728.75</b>	<b>2,573.67</b>

With the promulgation of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, the Company is required to identify Micro, Small and Medium Suppliers and pay them interest on overdue beyond the specified period irrespective of the terms with the suppliers. . In view of this, the liability of interest calculated and the required disclosures made, in the below table, to the extent of information available with the Company.

	<b>As at March 31, 2022</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2021</b>
Principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the accounting year	92.44	147.98
Interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the accounting year	-	-
The amount of interest paid along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day	-	-
The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under this Act	-	-
The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the accounting year	-	-
The amount of further interest due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid	-	-

**Ageing for trade payables outstanding as at March 31, 2022 is as follows;**

	<b>Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment</b>				<b>Total</b>
	<b>Less than 1 year</b>	<b>1-2 years</b>	<b>2-3 years</b>	<b>More than 3 years</b>	
MSME	92.44	-	-	-	<b>92.44</b>
Others	1,357.68	5.06	2.11	12.18	<b>1,377.03</b>
Disputed dues- MSME	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues- others	-	-	-	-	-
Accrued expenses	3,259.28	-	-	-	<b>3,259.28</b>
	<b>4,709.40</b>	<b>5.06</b>	<b>2.11</b>	<b>12.18</b>	<b>4,728.75</b>

**Ageing for trade payables outstanding as at March 31, 2021 is as follows;**

	<b>Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment</b>				<b>Total</b>
	<b>Less than 1 year</b>	<b>1-2 years</b>	<b>2-3 years</b>	<b>More than 3 years</b>	
MSME	147.98	-	-	-	<b>147.98</b>
Others	1,362.56	16.96	16.34	14.03	<b>1,409.89</b>
Disputed dues- MSME	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues- others	-	-	-	-	-
Accrued expenses	1,015.80	-	-	-	<b>1,015.80</b>
	<b>2,526.34</b>	<b>16.96</b>	<b>16.34</b>	<b>14.03</b>	<b>2,573.67</b>

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**  
(All amounts in lakhs in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

**18 Provisions**

	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
<b>Non-current</b>		
Provision for employee benefits:		
Gratuity	38.71	42.75
Leave encashment	45.45	15.97
<b>Total</b>	<b>84.16</b>	<b>58.72</b>

**19 Other liabilities**

	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
<b>a) Non-current</b>		
Unamortised government grants (refer note (i) and (ii) below)	1,036.73	1,266.67
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,036.73</b>	<b>1,266.67</b>
<b>b) Current</b>		
Statutory dues	84.45	69.96
Advance from customers	35.90	94.44
<b>Total</b>	<b>120.35</b>	<b>164.40</b>

- i)** Investment subsidy of ₹500.00 lakhs received from Andhra Pradesh Food Processing Society, Government of Andhra Pradesh for setting up of new shrimp processing unit at Yerravaram, East Godavari District, Andhra Pradesh. There are no unfulfilled conditions or other contingencies attaching to these grants. As these grants are in relation to property, plant and equipment and buildings, the same has been capitalised and amortised on a systematic basis over the useful life of respect assets. The carrying value of the grant as at March 31, 2022 is ₹273.41 lakhs (March 31, 2021: ₹321.84 lakhs).
- ii)** Waiver of duties of ₹1,458.72 lakhs (March 31, 2021: ₹1,458.72 lakhs) on import of or domestically sourced property, plant and equipment, availed under Export Promotion Capital Goods Scheme. There are no unfulfilled conditions or other contingencies attaching to these grants. As these grants are in relation to property, plant and equipment, the same has been capitalised and amortised over the useful life of respect assets. The carrying value of the grant as at March 31, 2022 is ₹763.32 lakhs (March 31, 2021: ₹944.82 lakhs).

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**  
(All amounts in lakhs in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

**20 Income Taxes**

**a) Deferred tax balance**

**For the year ended March 31, 2022**

	<b>Opening balance</b>	<b>Recognised in profit or loss</b>	<b>Recognised in Other comprehensive income</b>	<b>Closing balance</b>
<b>Deferred tax liabilities/ (assets) in relation to</b>				
Unabsorbed depreciation losses carry forward	678.26	(166.18)	-	512.08
Fair valuation of derivatives	32.81	(15.68)	-	17.13
Fair valuation of investments in mutual funds	104.70	73.49	-	178.19
Lease liabilities	(86.54)	8.74	-	(77.80)
MAT credit entitlement	(2,594.63)	192.56	-	(2,402.07)
Provision for doubtful debts	(51.59)	-	-	(51.59)
<b>Total</b>	<b>(1,916.99)</b>	<b>92.93</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(1,824.06)</b>

**For the year ended March 31, 2021**

	<b>Opening balance</b>	<b>Recognised in profit or loss</b>	<b>Recognised in Other comprehensive income</b>	<b>Closing balance</b>
<b>Deferred tax liabilities/ (assets) in relation to</b>				
Unabsorbed depreciation losses carry forward	686.11	(7.84)	-	678.27
Fair valuation of derivatives	(354.21)	387.02	-	32.81
Fair valuation of investments in mutual funds	10.88	93.82	-	104.70
Lease liabilities	(7.66)	(78.88)	-	(86.54)
MAT credit entitlement	(1,654.76)	(939.87)	-	(2,594.63)
Provision for doubtful debts	(51.59)	-	-	(51.59)
<b>Total</b>	<b>(1,371.23)</b>	<b>(545.75)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(1,916.98)</b>

**b) Tax assets**

	<b>As at March 31, 2022</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2021</b>
Non-current tax assets (net of provision for tax)	480.33	758.98
<b>Total</b>	<b>480.33</b>	<b>758.98</b>

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED****NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**

(All amounts in lakhs in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

**c) Tax expense**

	For the Year Ended March 31, 2022	For the Year Ended March 31, 2021
<b>Current tax expense/ (credit)</b>		
In respect of the current year	1,271.45	1,890.72
In respect of the earlier years	-	2.23
	<b>1,271.45</b>	<b>1,892.95</b>
<b>Deferred tax expense/ (credit)</b>		
In respect of the current year	92.93	(545.75)
	<b>92.93</b>	<b>(545.75)</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,364.38</b>	<b>1,347.20</b>

**d) Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's tax rate:**

	For the Year Ended March 31, 2022	For the Year Ended March 31, 2021
Profit before tax from continuing operations	7,271.35	10,815.72
Income tax expense calculated at 34.944% (2020-21: 34.944%)	2,540.90	3,779.45
Deduction u/s 80IB of Income Tax Act, 1961 *	(1,206.96)	(2,498.02)
Expenses not deductible	34.48	37.24
Impact of on opening deferred tax liability due to change in effect tax rate/MAT adjustment of earlier years	-	30.94
Tax expenses/reversals of earlier years	-	2.23
Others	(4.04)	(4.64)
<b>Total current tax expense/ (credit)</b>	<b>1,364.38</b>	<b>1,347.20</b>

\* The Company has been availing deduction under section 80IB of the Income Tax Act, 1961 for the new shrimp processing Plant at Yerravaram, East Godavari, Andhra Pradesh, from the financial year 2017-18. The tax benefit on account deduction 80IB for the year ended March 31, 2022 is ₹1,206.96 lakhs (March 31, 2021: ₹2,498.02 lakhs).

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**  
(All amounts in lakhs in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

**21 Revenue from operations**

	For the Year Ended March 31, 2022	For the Year Ended March 31, 2021
<b>a) Sale of products</b>		
Export sales	92,843.21	82,349.02
Domestic sales	624.45	320.39
<b>b) Other operating revenues</b>		
Export incentives *	5,537.13	3,019.25
<b>Total</b>	<b>99,004.79</b>	<b>85,688.66</b>

\* Export incentives represents Government grants received under the Duty Drawback Scheme, Merchandise Export from India Scheme and Remission of Duties and Taxes on Exported Products Scheme.

**22 Other income**

	For the Year Ended March 31, 2022	For the Year Ended March 31, 2021
Interest on :		
Bank deposits	7.65	5.49
Others	44.04	58.94
Net exchange gain/ (loss)	1,851.31	1,229.20
Fair value gain/(loss) on derivative instruments measured at fair value through profit and loss	49.02	93.90
Fair value gain/(loss) on financial instruments measured at fair value through profit and loss	210.31	268.48
Net gain on disposal of investments	205.72	421.20
Amortisation of government grants	229.94	205.90
Miscellaneous income	143.57	792.33
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,741.56</b>	<b>3,075.44</b>

**23 Cost of materials consumed**

	For the Year Ended March 31, 2022	For the Year Ended March 31, 2021
Shrimp	68,238.95	63,441.29
Packing Material	2,166.08	1,827.64
<b>Total</b>	<b>70,405.03</b>	<b>65,268.93</b>

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**  
(All amounts in lakhs in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

**24 Changes in inventories of finished goods, stock-in-trade, work-in-progress and biological assets**

	<b>For the Year Ended March 31, 2022</b>	<b>For the Year Ended March 31, 2021</b>
<b>Inventories (at close)</b>		
Finished goods	13,702.98	12,598.88
Stock-in-transit	12,047.03	10,156.35
Work-in-process	303.87	175.84
Biological assets	82.52	123.07
<b>Total Inventories (at close)</b>	<b>26,136.40</b>	<b>23,054.14</b>
<b>Inventories (at commencement)</b>		
Finished goods	12,598.88	8,933.35
Stock-in-transit	10,156.35	7,632.31
Work-in-process	175.84	72.50
Biological assets	123.07	-
<b>Total Inventories (at commencement)</b>	<b>23,054.14</b>	<b>16,638.16</b>
<b>Net (Increase)/Decrease</b>	<b>(3,082.26)</b>	<b>(6,415.98)</b>

**25 Employee benefits expense**

	<b>For the Year Ended March 31, 2022</b>	<b>For the Year Ended March 31, 2021</b>
Salaries and wages	2,194.00	1,929.40
Contribution to provident fund and other funds	377.26	203.15
Gratuity expense (refer note 34)	39.63	32.48
Staff welfare expenses	98.24	83.61
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,709.13</b>	<b>2,248.64</b>

**26 Finance costs**

	<b>For the Year Ended March 31, 2022</b>	<b>For the Year Ended March 31, 2021</b>
Interest	11.66	46.30
Interest on lease liabilities	20.89	13.82
Other borrowing costs	53.43	67.38
<b>Total</b>	<b>85.98</b>	<b>127.50</b>

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**  
(All amounts in lakhs in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

**27 Depreciation and amortisation expense**

	<b>For the Year Ended March 31, 2022</b>	<b>For the Year Ended March 31, 2021</b>
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	1,752.92	1,673.68
Depreciation on ROU asset	127.01	112.03
Amortisation of intangible assets	5.05	3.83
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,884.98</b>	<b>1,789.54</b>

**28 Other expenses**

	<b>For the Year Ended March 31, 2022</b>	<b>For the Year Ended March 31, 2021</b>
Rent (refer note i below)	518.15	255.88
Power and fuel	1,896.43	1,817.46
Repairs and maintenance;		
- Buildings	29.50	27.39
- Plant and machinery	295.24	231.65
- Others	4.33	3.38
Consumable stores	1,274.64	1,770.21
Other manufacturing expenses	4,784.09	4,118.05
Rates and taxes	75.54	43.85
Insurance	513.69	464.53
Travelling and conveyance	60.25	21.32
Vehicle maintenance	35.32	28.56
Communication expenses	14.74	15.21
Printing and stationery	23.19	17.57
Directors' sitting fee	15.50	7.90
Auditors remuneration;		
As auditors	10.00	10.00
Tax matters	14.75	11.00
Other matters	8.68	9.73
Reimbursement of expenses	1.51	0.55
Professional charges	299.20	159.40
Bank charges	92.53	42.62
General expenses	339.71	224.35
Donation	-	20.00
Corporate social responsibility (refer note ii below)	206.38	189.04
Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment	0.37	-
Advertisement	2.72	0.27
Carriage outward	425.93	319.55
Ocean freight and export expenses	7,188.41	3,838.18
Marketing expenses	1,592.26	1,271.89
<b>Total</b>	<b>19,723.06</b>	<b>14,919.54</b>

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**  
**(All amounts in lakhs in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)**

**i. Operating leases:**

Lease payments made under operating leases aggregating to ₹518.151 lakhs (March 31, 2021: ₹255.88 lakhs) have been recognized as an expense in the statement of profit and loss. The future minimum lease commitments under non-cancellable operating leases are ₹Nil.

**ii. Details of corporate social responsibility expenditure:**

	<b>For the Year Ended March 31, 2022</b>	<b>For the Year Ended March 31, 2021</b>
A. Amount required to be spent during year	206.25	189.04
B. Amount spent during the year		
1. Construction/acquisition of any asset	-	-
2. Purpose other than (1) above	206.38	189.04
C. Shortfall at the end of the year	-	-
D. Total of previous years shortfall	-	-
E. Reason for shortfall	Not applicable	Not applicable
F. Nature of CSR activities	Promoting Education, Healthcare, Rural Development, Disaster relief, Technological advancement.	
G. Details of related party transactions in relation to CSR expenditure as per relevant Accounting Standards		
Contribution to Avanti Foundation in relation to CSR expenditure	193.00	184.95
H. Provision made with respect to a liability incurred by entering into a contractual	-	-

**29 Exceptional items**

	<b>For the Year Ended March 31, 2022</b>	<b>For the Year Ended March 31, 2021</b>
Product recall expenditure (refer note i below)	2,750.00	-
Loss of property, plant and equipment due to fire (see note ii below)	-	13.12
Less: minimum insurance claim expected	-	(13.12)
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,750.00</b>	<b>-</b>

**Note i**

Consequent to 9 cases of Salmonella related sickness reported in USA, USFDA/CDC in their investigation through whole genome sequence analysis and trace back of products supplied by the Company determined that the cause of the sickness in the person is the cooked shrimp products supplied by the Company. USFDA / CDC had instructed the Company to recall cooked products distributed in the US market during the period from November, 2021 to May, 2021. Accordingly, Company has recalled 791.10MT of cooked shrimps valued ₹6,622.32 lakhs. Company charged to profit and loss the value of the product destroyed upto March 31, 2022 amounting to ₹2,199.17 lakhs and the recall related expenses amounting to ₹550.83 lakhs, total ₹2,750.00 lakhs, as an exceptional item.

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**  
**(All amounts in lakhs in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)**

**Note ii**

Pursuant to a minor fire accident on March 30, 2021 at Ravulapalem Plant admin building, certain property, plant and equipment and other contents in admin building was damaged. The Company lodged an initial estimate of loss with insurance company. During the year ended March 31, 2021, the Company has written off net book value of assets aggregating ₹13.12 lakhs and recognised a minimum insurance claim receivable for equivalent amount.

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**30 Earnings per share ("EPS")**

Particulars	For the Year Ended March 31, 2022	For the Year Ended March 31, 2021
Profit for the year (a)	5,906.05	9,478.73
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year (b)	1,00,16,667	1,00,16,667
Basic and diluted EPS (Face value ₹10 each) (a)/(b)	<b>58.96</b>	<b>94.63</b>
There is no dilution to the Basic Earnings per Share as there are no dilutive potential equity shares.		

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**31 Additional notes to the financial statements**

**a Contingent liabilities:**

Contingent liabilities as at March 31, 2022 is ₹ Nil (Previous year: ₹ Nil)

**b Capital commitments:**

Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account is ₹1,316.13 lakhs (net of capital advances of ₹1,122.34 lakhs) [March 31, 2021: ₹278.70 lakhs (net of capital advances of ₹190.42 lakhs)].

**c Income tax:**

In November, 2019, the Income Tax Department, Hyderabad conducted Search / Survey, on the premises of the Company and its holding company (i.e. Avanti Feeds Limited). Consequent to search and seizure, during the year, the Income Tax Department has completed the assessment for the entire block period consisting from the assessment year 2016-17 to 2019-2020 by accepting the income as per the returns filed under section 153A of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

**d COVID-19**

The Company has taken into account the possible impact of COVID-19 in preparation of the audited financial statements including its assessment of recoverable value of its assets based on internal and external information for the year ended March 31, 2022. Based on the assessment done by the management of the Company, there is not much impact of COVID-19 on the results for the year ended March 31, 2022. The Company will be closely monitoring any material changes to future economic conditions.

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**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED****NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022****(All amounts in lakhs in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)****32 Segmental information****Business segment**

The Company is predominantly engaged in the business of processing and export of shrimps. The Chairman and Managing Director (CMD) has been identified as the Chief Operating Decision maker (CODM). There is only one segment in the Company.

In the current year there are two customers (Previous year: one customer), revenue from whom accounts for more than 10% of the Company's total revenue.

Based on the Revenue attributable to the individual customers located in various parts of the world, the Company's business is organized into three key geographic segments, viz., India, USA and Rest of World.

	<b>For the Year Ended March 31, 2022</b>	<b>For the Year Ended March 31, 2021</b>
<b>Segment Revenue</b>		
India *	6,161.57	3,339.64
USA	70,661.42	73,775.03
Rest of the world	22,181.80	8,573.99
<b>Total</b>	<b>99,004.79</b>	<b>85,688.66</b>

\* Segment revenue from India includes exports incentives accrued and realised on exports effected to various countries.

	<b>As at March 31, 2022</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2021</b>
<b>Segment Assets</b>		
India	46,340.61	41,512.11
USA	4,953.62	3,056.14
Rest of the world	4,981.31	1,531.00
<b>Total</b>	<b>56,275.54</b>	<b>46,099.25</b>
<b>Segment Liabilities</b>		
India	5,581.39	3,899.45
USA	606.11	427.79
Rest of the world	5.10	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>6,192.60</b>	<b>4,327.24</b>
<b>Capital expenditure</b>		
India	2,018.92	2,507.36
USA	-	-
Rest of the world	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,018.92</b>	<b>2,507.36</b>

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**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**  
**(All amounts in lakhs in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)**

**33 Related party disclosures:**

**(i) Names of related parties and description of relationship**

**Holding company**

Avanti Feeds Limited

**Entities having significant influence over the Company**

Thai Union Group PCL, Thailand ("TUG")

Tri-union Frozen Products Inc.

(Chicken of the Sea Frozen Foods) (a subsidiary of TUG)

Thai Union China Co. Ltd (a subsidiary of TUG)

**Subsidiary company**

Avanti Frozen Foods Inc. USA

**Key management personnel ("KMP")**

**Executive directors**

A.Indra Kumar, Chairman and Managing Director

A.Nikhilesh Chowdary, Executive Director

**Non-executive directors**

C.Ramachandra Rao, Non Executive Director

Wai Yat Paco Lee, Non Executive Director

Bunleusak Sorajjakit, Non Executive Director

K Srinivas Reddy, Non Executive Director

Y Prameela Rani, Independent Director

NVDS Raju, Independent Director (w.e.f. August 02, 2021)

K Ramamohana Rao, Independent Director

**Executive officers**

A.Anand, Chief Financial Officer (Upto September 15, 2021)

Lakshmi Sharma, Company Secretary (Upto August 31, 2021)

Narendra Sharma, Company Secretary (w.e.f. November 15, 2021)

**Entities over which KMP have significant influence**

Srinivasa Cystine Private Limited

Sanjeev Agro-Vet Private Limited

Avanti Foundation

Sakuntala Professional Associates LLP

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**  
(All amounts in lakhs in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

**(ii) Transactions with related parties;**

	<b>For the Year Ended March 31, 2022</b>	<b>For the Year Ended March 31, 2021</b>
<b>Key management personnel</b>		
Rent paid	4.80	4.80
Remuneration paid to executive directors	120.61	96.37
Sitting fees paid to non-executive directors	15.50	7.90
Remuneration paid to executive officers	39.19	58.98
<b>Holding company</b>		
Purchase of goods	324.63	512.46
Lab services received	0.35	1.27
Commission on corporate guarantee	-	32.97
Sale of MEIS licences	738.44	1,070.74
Sale of goods	84.64	83.50
Dividend paid	300.50	120.20
Rent paid	0.18	-
<b>Subsidiary company</b>		
Unsecured loans given	-	620.51
Interest received on unsecured loans given	8.28	1.38
<b>Entities having significant influence over the Company</b>		
Sales of products	33,640.34	29,944.48
Dividend paid	200.33	80.13
<b>Entities over which KMP have significant influence</b>		
Purchase of goods	18.60	76.57
Sale of MEIS licences	276.64	-
Legal services received	7.08	5.31
Contributions towards Corporate Social Responsibility	193.00	184.95

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED****NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022****(All amounts in lakhs in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)****(iii) Year end balances;**

	<b>As at March 31, 2022</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2021</b>
<b>Holding company</b>		
Trade receivable	-	-
Advance for purchase	21.13	20.47
<b>Subsidiary company</b>		
Unsecured loans given	620.51	620.51
Interest receivable on unsecured loans given	2.09	1.38
<b>Entities having significant influence over the Company</b>		
Trade receivables	1,011.65	1,341.23
<b>Entities over which KMP have significant influence</b>		
Advance for purchase	0.88	2.11
Trade payables	1.08	0.55

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**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**  
**(All amounts in lakhs in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)**

**34 Employee Benefits**

**i) Leave obligations**

The leave obligations cover the Company's liability earned leave. Based on past experience, the Company does not expect all employees to take the full amount of accrued leave or require payment within the next 12 months. The following amounts reflect leave that is expected to be taken or paid within the next 12 months:

	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Current leave obligations expected to be settled within the next 12 months	-	-

**ii) Defined Contribution Plans**

The Company also has certain defined contribution plans. Contributions are made to provident fund (at the rate of 12% of basic salary) and Employee State Insurance in India for employees as per regulations. The contributions are made to registered funds administered by the government. The obligation of the Company is limited to the amount contributed and it has no further contractual nor any constructive obligation. The expense recognised during the period towards defined contribution plan is ₹307.42 lakhs (Previous year: ₹172.12 lakhs).

**iii) Post employment benefit obligation**

The Company provides for gratuity for employees in India as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Employees who are in continuous service for a period of 5 years are eligible for gratuity. The amount of gratuity payable on retirement / termination is the employee's last drawn basic salary per month computed proportionately for 15 days salary multiplied for the number of years of service. The gratuity plan is a funded plan. The Company does not fully fund the liability and maintains a target level of funding to be maintained over a period of time based on estimations of expected gratuity payments.

- a) The amounts recognised in the balance sheet and the movements in the defined benefit obligation over the year are as follows:

As at March 31, 2022	Present value of obligation	Fair value of plan assets	Net amount
<b>Opening balance</b>	240.96	198.21	42.75
Current Service Cost	36.87	-	36.87
Interest expense	15.53	-	15.53
Interest income	-	12.78	(12.78)
Contributions	-	-	-
<b>Total amount recognised in profit or loss</b>	<b>52.40</b>	<b>12.78</b>	<b>39.62</b>
<b>Remeasurements</b>			
Return on plan assets, excluding amounts included in interest income	-	1.08	(1.08)
(Gain)/loss from change in demographic	-	-	-
(Gain)/loss from change in financial assumptions	(8.90)	-	(8.90)
Past Service Cost	-	-	-
Experience (gains)/losses	9.06	-	9.06
<b>Total amount recognised in other comprehensive</b>	<b>0.16</b>	<b>1.08</b>	<b>(0.92)</b>
Employer contributions	-	42.75	(42.75)
Benefit payments	(4.61)	(4.61)	-
<b>Closing Balance</b>	<b>288.91</b>	<b>250.21</b>	<b>38.70</b>

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**

(All amounts in lakhs in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

As at March 31, 2021	Present value of obligation	Fair value of plan assets	Net amount
<b>Opening balance</b>	193.80	146.99	46.81
Current Service Cost	29.42	-	29.42
Interest expense	12.69	-	12.69
Interest income	-	9.62	(9.62)
Contributions	-	-	-
<b>Total amount recognised in profit or loss</b>	<b>42.11</b>	<b>9.62</b>	<b>32.49</b>
<b>Remeasurements</b>			
Return on plan assets, excluding amounts included in interest income	-	1.69	(1.69)
(Gain)/loss from change in demographic	-	-	-
(Gain)/loss from change in financial assumptions	1.87	-	1.87
Past Service Cost	-	-	-
Experience (gains)/losses	10.09	-	10.09
<b>Total amount recognised in other comprehensive</b>	<b>11.96</b>	<b>1.69</b>	<b>10.27</b>
Employer contributions	-	46.82	(46.82)
Benefit payments	(6.90)	(6.90)	-
<b>Closing Balance</b>	<b>240.97</b>	<b>198.22</b>	<b>42.75</b>

The net liability disclosed above relates to funded and unfunded plans are as follows:

	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Present value of funded obligations	288.91	240.97
Fair value of plan assets	250.21	198.22
<b>Deficit of funded plan</b>	<b>38.70</b>	<b>42.75</b>
Unfunded plans	-	-
<b>Deficit of gratuity plan</b>	<b>38.70</b>	<b>42.75</b>

**b) Significant estimates: actuarial assumptions**

The significant actuarial assumptions for defined benefit obligation are as follows:

	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Discount rate	6.85%	6.45%
Salary escalation rate	10.00%	10.00%
Attrition rate	10.00%	10.00%

The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**  
**(All amounts in lakhs in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)**

**c) Sensitivity analysis**

The sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to changes in the weighted principal assumptions is:  
 Impact on defined benefit obligation on account of increase in assumption

	Change in assumption As at March 31,			Impact for the Year Ended March 31,	
	2022	2021		2022	2021
Discount rate	1.00%	1.00%	Decrease by	20.34	17.61
Attrition rate	50.00%	50.00%	Decrease by	13.86	14.85
Salary escalation rate	1.00%	1.00%	Increase by	(20.31)	18.03

Impact on defined benefit obligation on account of decrease in assumption

	Change in assumption As at March 31,			Impact for the Year Ended March 31,	
	2022	2021		2022	2021
Discount rate	1.00%	1.00%	Increase by	23.21	20.15
Attrition rate	50.00%	50.00%	Increase by	24.17	25.30
Salary escalation rate	1.00%	1.00%	Decrease by	(18.66)	16.21

The above sensitivity analysis is based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice, this is unlikely to occur, and changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated. When calculating the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to significant actuarial assumptions the same method (present value of the defined benefit obligation calculated with the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period) has been applied as when calculating the defined benefit liability recognised in the balance sheet.

The methods and types of assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis did not change compared to the prior period.

**d) The major categories of plan assets are as follows**

	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Funds managed by SBI Life Insurance Company Ltd.	250.21	198.21
<b>Total</b>	<b>250.21</b>	<b>198.21</b>

**e) Risk exposure**

Through its defined benefit plan, the Company is exposed to a number of risks, the most significant of which are detailed below:

**Asset volatility:** The plan liabilities are calculated using a discount rate set with reference to bond yields; if plan assets underperform this yield, this will create a deficit. The company's plan assets are insurer managed funds and are subject to less material risk.

**Changes in bond yields:** A decrease in bond yields will increase plan liabilities and the Company ensures that it has enough reserves to fund the liability.

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED****NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022****(All amounts in lakhs in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)****f) Defined benefit liability and employer contributions**

Expected contributions to post-employment benefit plans during the year ending March 31, 2023 are ₹76.64 lakhs.

The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 8 years. The expected maturity analysis of gratuity on an undiscounted basis is as follows:

	<b>Less than a year</b>	<b>Between 2-5 years</b>	<b>Between 6-10 years</b>	<b>10 years and beyond</b>
<b>As at March 31, 2022</b>				
Gratuity	44.25	98.84	136.19	265.12
<b>Total</b>	<b>44.25</b>	<b>98.84</b>	<b>136.19</b>	<b>265.12</b>
<b>As at March 31, 2021</b>				
Gratuity	34.39	78.69	115.50	215.54
<b>Total</b>	<b>34.39</b>	<b>78.69</b>	<b>115.50</b>	<b>215.54</b>

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**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**  
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**35 Fair value measurements**

	As at March 31, 2022		As at March 31, 2021	
Financial instruments by category	Amortised Cost	FVPL	Amortised Cost	FVPL
<b>Financial Assets</b>				
Investments				
- in mutual funds	-	7,992.53	-	10,961.50
- in debentures	-	220.94	-	202.04
- in deposits	1,002.52	-	1,142.32	-
Trade receivables	9,125.94	-	4,641.36	-
Cash and cash equivalents	1,322.26	-	1,246.28	-
Other bank balances	20.43	-	33.86	-
Bank deposits	571.95	-	41.25	-
Loans	665.63	-	661.63	-
Derivative financial assets	-	49.02	-	93.90
Security deposits	298.38	-	266.62	-
<b>Total Financial Assets</b>	<b>13,007.11</b>	<b>8,262.49</b>	<b>8,033.32</b>	<b>11,257.44</b>
<b>Financial Liabilities</b>				
Borrowings	-	-	16.13	-
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	-	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	222.63	-	247.65	-
Trade payables	4,728.74	-	2,573.68	-
Derivative financial instrument	-	-	-	-
Capital creditors	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Financial Liabilities</b>	<b>4,951.37</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>2,837.46</b>	<b>-</b>

**Fair value hierarchy**

The carrying amount of the current financial assets and current financial liabilities are considered to be same as their fair values, due to their short term nature. In absence of specified maturity period, the carrying amount of the non-current financial assets and non-current financial liabilities such as security deposits (assets) are considered to be same as their fair values.

The fair value of mutual funds is classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy as the fair value has been determined on the basis of Net Assets Value (NAV) declared by the mutual fund. The fair value of Financial derivative contracts has been classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy as the fair value has been determined on the basis of mark-to-market valuation provided by the bank, The corresponding changes in fair value of investment is disclosed as 'Other Income'.

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**  
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**36 Financial Risk Management**

The Company activities expose it to market risk, liquidity risk and credit risk. This note explains the sources of risk which the entity is exposed to and how the entity manages the risk.

<b>Risk</b>	<b>Exposure arising from</b>	<b>Measurement</b>	<b>Management</b>
Credit Risk	Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, security deposits, other bank deposits and loans	Ageing analysis Credit ratings of customers.	Credit monitoring for customers. Diversification of bank deposits.
Liquidity Risk	Borrowings	Cash flow forecasts managed by finance team under the overview of Chairman and Managing Director (CMD).	Working capital management by Chairman and Managing Director (CMD). The excess liquidity is channelised through mutual funds and bank deposits.
Market Risk - interest rate	Long term borrowings at variable rate	Sensitivity analysis	Capital is managed by CMD. The capital requirements are managed by analyzing the funds requirement and budgets in conjunction with the strategic plan.
Market Risk - foreign exchange rate	Future commercial transactions	Cash flow forecasting Sensitivity analysis	Forward foreign exchange contracts

The Company's risk management is carried out by the CMD under policies approved by the board of directors. The Board provides guiding principles for overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas such as interest rate risk, credit risk and investment of excess liquidity.

**Credit Risk**

**(i) Credit Risk Management**

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, loans, security deposits and deposits with banks and financial institutions, as well as credit exposures to customers including outstanding receivables.

Credit risk is managed by the Executive Director and Chief Operating Officer of the Company. The Company has few customers with most of them being foreign customers. The Company provides a credit period of 60-90 days which is in line with the normal industry practice. The Executive Director and Chief Operating Officer undertakes the credit analysis of each customer before transacting. The finance team under the guidance of Executive Director and Chief Operating Officer also periodically review the credit rating of the customers and follow up on long outstanding invoices.

The Company considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an on going basis through out each reporting period. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk the Company compares the risk of a default occurring on the asset as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. It considers available reasonable and supportive forwarding-looking information. The below factors are considered:

- external credit rating (as far as available)
- actual or expected significant adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the borrower's ability to meet its obligations.
- actual or expected significant changes in the operating results of the borrower.
- significant increase in credit risk on other financial instruments of the same borrower.
- Significant changes in the expected performance and behaviour of the borrower, including changes in the payment status of the borrower in the Company and changes in operating results of the borrower.

Macro economic information (such as regulatory changes, market interest rate or growth rates) is incorporated as part of the internal rating model. In general, it is presumed that credit risk has significantly increased since initial recognition if the payments are more than 180 days past due.

A default on a financial asset is when the counterparty fails to make contractual payments within 365 days of when they fall due. This definition of default is determined by considering the business environment in which the entity operates and other macro-economic factors.

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**  
 (All amounts in lakhs in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

**(ii) Provision for expected credit losses**

The Company provides for expected credit loss based on the following:

Category	Description of category	Basis for recognition of expected credit loss provision		
		Investments	Loans and deposits	Trade receivables
High quality assets, low credit risk	Assets where there is low risk of default and where the counter party has sufficient capacity to meet the obligations and where there has been low frequency of defaults in the past	12-month expected credit losses	12-month expected credit losses	Life time expected credit losses
Medium risk, moderate credit risk	Assets where the probability of default is considered moderate, counter party where the capacity to meet the obligation is not strong.	12-month expected credit losses	12-month expected credit losses	Life time expected credit losses
Doubtful assets, credit impaired	Assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debt or declaring bankruptcy or failing to engage in a payment plan with the Company. Where loans or receivables have been written off, the Company continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivable due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognised in profit or loss.	Asset is written off		

**Expected credit losses for loans, bank deposits and security deposits, excluding trade receivables**

Loss allowance measured at 12 month expected credit losses - Financial assets for which credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

**Year ended March 31, 2022**

Asset Group	Estimated gross carrying amount at default	Expected probability of default	Expected credit losses	Carrying amount net of impairment provision
Other bank balances	592.38	0%	-	592.38
Loans and advances	665.63	0%	-	665.63
Security deposits	298.38	0%	-	298.38

**Year ended March 31, 2021**

Asset Group	Estimated gross carrying amount at default	Expected probability of default	Expected credit losses	Carrying amount net of impairment provision
Other bank balances	75.11	0%	-	75.11
Loans and advances	661.63	0%	-	661.63
Security deposits	266.62	0%	-	266.62

**Expected credit loss for trade receivables under simplified approach**

**Year ended March 31, 2022**

Ageing	Not due	1-90 days	91-180 days	181 - 365 days	More than 365 days	Total
Gross carrying amount	5,483.57	3,178.58	463.79	-	147.63	9,273.57
Expected loss rate	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	2%
Expected credit loss	-	-	-	-	147.63	147.63
<b>Carrying amount (net of impairment)</b>	<b>5,483.57</b>	<b>3,178.58</b>	<b>463.79</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>9,125.94</b>

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**  
**(All amounts in lakhs in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)**

**Year ended March 31, 2021**

Ageing	Not due	1-90 days	91-180 days	181 - 365 days	More than 365 days	Total
Gross carrying amount	2,521.11	2,098.14	-	-	169.74	4,788.99
Expected loss rate	0%	0%	0%	0%	87%	3%
Expected credit loss	-	-	-	-	147.63	147.63
<b>Carrying amount (net of impairment)</b>	<b>2,521.11</b>	<b>2,098.14</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>22.11</b>	<b>4,641.36</b>

**Reconciliation of expected credit loss - Trade receivables**

<b>Expected credit loss on April 01, 2020</b>	147.63
Changes in loss allowance	-
<b>Expected credit loss on March 31, 2021</b>	<b>147.63</b>
Changes in loss allowance	-
<b>Expected credit loss on March 31, 2022</b>	<b>147.63</b>

**Liquidity Risk**

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

The finance team monitors rolling forecasts of the Company's liquidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows and any excess/short liquidity is managed in the form of current borrowings, bank deposits and investment in mutual funds.

**(i) Maturities of financial liabilities**

The following are the remaining undiscounted contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted and exclude the impact of netting agreements.

As at March 31, 2022	Contractual cash flows					
	Carrying amount	Total	0-1 year	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5 years
Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	222.63	222.63	222.63	-	-	-
Trade payables	4,728.74	4,728.74	4,709.39	5.06	14.29	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,951.37</b>	<b>4,951.37</b>	<b>4,932.02</b>	<b>5.06</b>	<b>14.29</b>	<b>-</b>

As at March 31, 2021	Contractual cash flows					
	Carrying amount	Total	0-1 year	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5 years
Borrowings	16.13	16.12	16.12	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	247.65	247.65	247.65	-	-	-
Trade payables	2,573.68	2,621.00	2,573.68	16.96	30.36	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,837.46</b>	<b>2,884.77</b>	<b>2,837.45</b>	<b>16.96</b>	<b>30.36</b>	<b>-</b>

**Market Risk - Interest Risk**

The Company's main interest rate risk arises from long term and short term borrowings with variable rates, which exposes the Company to cash flow interest rate risk.

The Company as at March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021 does not have any borrowings with variable interest rates.

**Market risk - Price risk**

The Company does not have any quoted equity securities, hence there is no exposure to price risk.

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED****NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022****(All amounts in lakhs in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)****Foreign currency exchange rate risk**

The Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from foreign currency transactions, mainly in the nature of sales denominated in foreign currencies and other expenditures. The Company's exposure to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

	<b>As at March 31, 2022</b>		<b>As at March 31, 2021</b>	
	<b>Amount in Foreign Currency</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>Amount in Foreign Currency</b>	<b>Amount</b>
<b>Trade and other payables</b>				
USD	8,05,605	611.22	5,81,993	427.79
Euro	35,463	29.62	-	-
<b>Balance in EEFC account</b>				
USD	5	0.004	6,76,414	497.20
<b>Trade receivables</b>				
USD	1,21,02,060	8,999.16	63,44,471	4,515.85
Euro	1,00,000	84.66	82,800	71.29
<b>Unsecured loans given</b>				
USD	8,50,000	643.52	8,50,000	624.79
<b>Derivatives outstanding</b>				
<b>Forward contracts</b>				
To buy USD	-	-	-	-
To sell USD	2,08,49,834	15,904.03	2,90,91,402	21,581.10
<b>Net exposure (receivable/(payable))</b>	<b>(1,03,03,374)</b>	<b>(8,074.95)</b>	<b>(2,34,19,709)</b>	<b>(17,549.34)</b>

**Sensitivity**

The sensitivity of profit or loss to changes in the exchange rates arises mainly from foreign currency denominated financial instruments, as detailed below;

	<b>As at March 31, 2022</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2021</b>
Increase in exchange rate by 1%	(80.75)	(175.49)
Decrease in exchange rate by 1%	80.75	175.49

**37 Capital management****(a) Risk Management**

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to;

- safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern, so that they can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and
- maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

The Company's capital structure is largely equity based. It monitors capital on the basis of the following gearing ratio: Net debt (including lease liabilities) divided by total 'equity' (as shown in the balance sheet).

	<b>March 31, 2022</b>	<b>March 31, 2021</b>
Net debt	222.63	263.78
Total equity	62,445.25	57,039.11
<b>Net debt to equity ratio</b>	<b>0.004</b>	<b>0.005</b>

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**  
**(All amounts in lakhs in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)**

**(b) Dividends**

	<b>As at March 31, 2022</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2021</b>
i) Final dividend for the year ended March 31, 2021 of ₹5 (March 31, 2020: ₹2) per fully paid share.	500.83	200.33
ii) Interim dividend for the year ended March 31, 2022 of ₹Nil (March 31, 2021: ₹Nil) per fully paid share.	-	-
iii) In addition to the above dividends, since year end the directors have recommended the payment of a final dividend of ₹5 per fully paid equity share (March 31, 2021: ₹5).	500.83	500.83

This proposed dividend is subject to the approval of shareholders in the ensuing annual general meeting.

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**  
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**38 Additional Regulatory Information: Ratios**

The following are analytical ratios for the year ended March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021

Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	Current Year	Previous Year	Variance
Current Ratio (in times)	Total current assets	Total current liabilities	10.15	15.52	-34.58% see note i below
Debt-Equity Ratio (in times)	Debt consists of borrowings and lease liabilities.	Total equity	0.004	0.005	-22.08%
Debt Service Coverage Ratio (in times)	Earning for Debt Service = Profit for the year + Non-cash operating expenses + Interest + Other non-cash adjustments	Debt service = Interest and lease payments + Principal repayments	1,227.96	1,477.60	-16.89%
Return on Equity Ratio (in %)	Profit for the year less Preference dividend (if any)	Average total equity	9.89%	18.09%	-45.34% see note ii below
Inventory Turnover Ratio (in times)	Revenue from operations	Average inventory	3.86	4.15	-6.95%
Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio (in times)	Revenue from operations	Average trade receivables	14.38	16.33	-11.94%
Trade Payables Turnover Ratio (in times)	Cost of material consumed and other expenses	Average trade payables	24.68	33.91	-27.22% see note i below
Net Capital Turnover Ratio (in times)	Revenue from operations	Average working capital (i.e. Total current assets less Total current liabilities)	2.32	2.32	0.00%
Net Profit Ratio (in %)	Profit for the year	Revenue from operations	5.97%	11.06%	-46.07% see note ii below
Return on Capital Employed (in %)	Profit before tax and finance costs	Capital employed = Net worth - Intangible assets + Lease liabilities + Deferred tax liabilities	11.75%	19.14%	-38.61% see note ii below
Return on Investment (in %)	Income generated from invested funds	Average invested funds in treasury	4.77%	6.32%	-24.53%

**AVANTI FROZEN FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**  
**(All amounts in lakhs in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)**

Note i: Ratios decreased as the liability for recall expenditure increased current liabilities at the end of March 31, 2022.

Note ii: Ratios decreased mainly due to increase in ocean freight and exceptional item of product recall expenditure.

**39 Other statutory information**

- i The Company does not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Group for holding any Benami property.
- ii The Company does not have any transactions with companies struck off.
- iii The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.
- iv The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.
- v The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- vi The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
  - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
  - (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- vii The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Group shall:
  - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
  - (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries,
- viii The Company has not any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961

**40** Previous year figures have been regrouped / reclassified, where necessary, to conform to this year's classification.

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As per our attached report of even date

**For Karvy & Co.,**  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Registration No. : 001757S

**Ajaykumar Kosaraju**  
Partner  
Membership No. :021989

**Place : Hyderabad**  
**Date : May 10, 2022**

**For and on behalf of the Board of Directors**

**A.Indra Kumar**  
Chairman and Managing  
Director

**C.Ramachandra Rao**  
Director

**Narender Sharma**  
Company Secretary